

ASKS THAT N. Y. PAY FOR LOST DAMAGES

Westchester Senator Wants Big Fund if Mohansic Hospital is Moved.

NEW FINANCE PLAN SOON

ALEX. J. VAN KAT, Jan. 31.—Further taxes will be added on New York City if the Westchester county delegation in the Legislature has its way. Senator Slater, who is backed by the entire Westchester delegation and the Republican organization of Westchester, which is dominated by William L. Ward, one of the Governor's closest advisers, introduced tonight a bill which would compel New York City to reimburse Westchester property owners for damages if public institutions like the Mohansic State Insane Hospital and the Verastown State Training School for Boys are driven out of Westchester county. Senator Slater favors legislation providing for the construction of a trunk sewer from the two institutions to empty into the Hudson River.

"The land damage bill," said Senator Slater tonight, "provides that if any lands within the New York watershed, including land in Westchester, Putnam, Elster, Greene and Schenectady counties, the owner of such lands shall be empowered to apply to the Supreme Court for the appointment of commissioners in condemnation to assess damages, such damages to be paid by the city of New York. To follow out to its logical conclusion the ideas of the gentlemen who represent the Merchants Association of New York City will destroy every farmhouse and gentlemen's country estate and even the public institution now located within the watershed."

Would Abolish Water Board.

The New York City watershed was given further attention in the Legislature tonight when Senator Bennett of Manhattan introduced a bill abolishing the Board of Water Supply and transferring its powers to the Board of Estimate. With a view to moving the headquarters of the Ashokan Dam watershed, so as to include the Schenectady watershed, Senator Bennett was a little less than forthcoming in introducing this bill, as he feared word that the Board of Estimate today had approved the plans of the Board of Water Supply to get control of the Schenectady watershed. Nevertheless, Senator Bennett is a tough fighter and hopes to get early action upon it.

"My bill has the backing of the Real Estate Board of New York City," he said. "It was introduced for the purpose of stopping the depredations of the Board of the Schenectady watershed. This action on the part of the Board of Water Supply simply illustrates the fact once again that the depredations of the Board of the Schenectady watershed are not to be stopped by the city's money is limitless."

"The Merchants Association in its 1908 report stated that the second half of the watershed was not yet completed, and that by postponing the commencement of this enterprise the city would lose \$25,000,000 in interest and sinking fund."

"For the last ten years the increase in the consumption of water in the city has been 55,000,000 gallons, or a 50 per cent increase. If we figure that as hereafter the average increase will be double the turning on of the Catskill aqueduct will give the city a surplus of water for forty years to come, and it would seem to be good business to postpone this project for at least ten years."

Finance Report Soon Ready.
Says Senator Brown, chairman of the legislative committee investigating the finances of the city of New York, said tonight that within a week possibly on Monday, the committee will be prepared to report its recommendations to the Legislature. While Senator Brown did not intimate the character of the recommendations, his committee has been working on the basis that a plan is on foot which would save New York City several million dollars a year.

Senator Brown's committee is understood to have submitted a report to the Finance Board of New York City the expense of the New York City Public Service Commission and transferring it to the Board of Estimate. The committee is also expected to recommend that a fair share of the State highway funds be apportioned to New York City, with the hope of saving the city \$1,000,000 and giving it a fair share of the State revenue.

Senator Brown's committee is not expected to make a direct tax. The committee believes the tax burden of New York City should not be increased. Proposals to increase the city tax have been rejected by the Legislature. The committee is expected to recommend that a fair share of the State highway funds be apportioned to New York City, with the hope of saving the city \$1,000,000 and giving it a fair share of the State revenue.

JERSEY CITY GIRL A LEPER.
Parents Keep Secret Five Years and Victim Is Doomed.

Margaret McLean, 17 years old, was taken from her home at 930 Westside avenue, Jersey City, yesterday to the Hudson County Hospital for contagious diseases. The girl was taken there after the health authorities had just received her first knowledge of the case, although she had been suffering from the disease for five years.

LOOTING IN CALIFORNIA FLOOD SECTION GOES ON

Sixty-five Believed Dead, 3,000 Homeless, \$2,000,000 Property Loss Is Certain—Martial Law Brings Clash With Mexican Brigands, Who Return Fire.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Jan. 31.—The Otay and San Luis Rey valleys are virtually an armed camp to-night. United States soldiers on land and marines in launches are patrolling the flooded districts. Looting, described by Rear Admiral William F. Fulmar, commanding the Pacific reserve fleet, as "the worst I have ever seen," continued to-day, and each soldier and Marine was provided with twenty rounds of ammunition and orders to shoot any one found looting. In the Otay and Tijuana valleys, bands of armed Mexicans looted houses and stores. American soldiers surprised Mexican looters at Otay City this afternoon and shots were exchanged. Martial law prevails throughout the entire flooded district to-night.

Tons of clothing and provisions were sent to-day to the Otay, Tijuana, Lakeside and Chula Vista districts. A relief fund of \$100,000 is in sight. Twelve bodies were recovered to-day. Five bodies were recovered last night. Thirty-five. Eleven have been identified. The bodies of four Japanese were recovered in the Otay Valley. The estimated number of dead remains at least 65. The bodies of 300 were recovered from the San Luis Rey Valley. More definite information is lacking regarding the damage and loss of life there.

Survivors Tell of Loss.
Survivors of the Otay Valley flood, sick from hunger, fatigued by exposure and with the horror of disaster fresh in their minds, reached San Diego to-day. They told vivid stories of the terrible scenes enacted as the huge wall of water, breaking down the lower Otay dam, raved through the valley, carrying everything before it.

C. H. Loper, whose ranch was swept away, related how he fought the torrent.

WHITMAN ASKS HIGH QUARANTINE CHANGE TARIFF AS DEFENCE

Lauds McKinley in Youngstown Speech as the Ideal President.

NO PEACE MIXES HONOR FOR FEDERAL CONTROL.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Jan. 31.—Gov. Charles S. Whitman of New York made his first speech outside of New York State tonight since it became generally known that he was in a receptive mood toward the Presidential candidacy of the Republican party. He addressed the Youngstown Valley McKinley Club, and in eulogizing the qualities of the martyred President emphasized particularly his military, Republican and business beliefs, especially his stand for protective tariff and his attitude toward peace, a peace consistent with our nation's traditions, with the history of our people, with national integrity and with national honor.

"He believed in the Republican party and its principles with a sincerity almost without parallel in the history of the country," said Whitman, "and of the principles of that party there was one to which he was so constantly devoted that he will ever be known as the chief exponent during the period of his life to which I refer. I need not tell you, he is the principle of the protective tariff. He constantly devoted the stirring of class strife and class hatred to the protection of the country as a whole, and he sincerely believed that this could be brought about only by firm adherence to the protective principle."

"I believe the time has come, hoped for by the great President, when this subject no longer divides the nation. The great parties of the nation are divided. It is hardly any longer a partisan question, and though conditions have changed and are constantly changing, the wisdom and teachings are scarcely to be questioned by the student of the history of the period."

On McKinley's attitude before and during the war with Spain Gov. Whitman said: "McKinley did not hurry the country into war, but he was firm and consistent. The memorable message of April, 1898, to Congress contains a statement as to the rights and duties of this nation to the weaker neighbors which may well be needed by his successors in office for many years. The declaration sounded in the close of his message was the real call to arms which thrilled the hearts of his countrymen as they had not been moved since the days of the first martyred President."

"In the name of humanity, in the name of civilization, in the name of the American people, which give us the right and the duty to speak and act, the war in Cuba must stop."

"His last words to his people, contained in his speech on the very day of his death, has a peculiar significance to-day."

"Let us ever remember that our interest is not in conflict, and that our real eminence rests in the victories of peace, not those of war. We hope that all who are represented here may be able to see that this relation of mutual respect, confidence and friendship which will deepen and endure. Our earnest prayer is that God will graciously vouchsafe protection, happiness and peace to all the peoples and powers of the earth."

ACTOR ACCUSED OF GOING TO CUBA TO AVOID PAYING CREDITORS.

Charles that Arnold Daly, the actor, has left New York and Rome Cuba to avoid legal action and the seizure of papers in legal actions were served yesterday in a petition on which Supreme Court Justice Newburger granted an attachment against Daly's property. The attachment was obtained by Ashley Miller, a moving picture director, who says Daly owes him \$3,000 for producing "The House of Fear" and "The King's Game" last summer. Miller and Daly paid only \$500, leaving \$2,500 due. The attachment will tie up payments to Daly from Pathé Freres under the two films.

AMERICANS FIRST, NEW PACKARD RULE

Only Citizens Can Win Promotion, Big Auto Concern Bids Employees.

TO PROMOTE U. S. IDEALS

DETROIT, Jan. 31.—Turning one of the greatest motor car factories up the world into a concrete embodiment of American patriotism and loyalty to the United States is the aim of the Packard Motor Car Company. The company will demand that its employees, from now on, be Americans, American patriotism and loyalty to America shall be first in the minds and hearts of all Packard employees and on their stanch Americanism will depend all hope of promotion.

Alvan Macauley, vice-president and general manager of the company, issued an announcement to-day to the 12,300 employees of the company, which reads as follows:

"AMERICANISM FIRST"

"The Packard Motor Car Company makes this announcement of a new and important policy to all its employees. 'From and after this date promotion to positions of importance in the organization of this company will be given only to those who are native born or naturalized citizens of the United States, or to those of foreign birth who have relinquished their foreign citizenship and who have filed with our government their first papers applying for citizenship, which application for citizenship must be diligently followed to completion.'

"LOYALTY IS FIRST"

"Employees of foreign birth who retain their foreign citizenship in their present positions or work, but will not be promoted to positions of responsibility and trust. 'A prerequisite to employment with this company must be loyalty to our government and our flag in addition to loyalty to the company itself. 'The factory management is authorized to make this order effective immediately.'

"BY ALVIN MACAULEY, Vice-President and General Manager."

DETROIT, Mich., January 31, 1916.

The announcement, according to General Manager Macauley, was the fruit of months of study of the problem that confronted the factory heads.

"We have in our organization almost 100 different peoples," said Mr. Macauley. "We have French, Italian, Austrian, French, Polish, whose sympathies are divided as regards the war at present raging in Europe. We have a babel of tongues and an endless variety of races and nationalities."

"Our workmen are divided into classes thereby. Their sympathies are with the lands that have them birth. The highest point of loyalty to the United States, or to those of foreign birth who have relinquished their foreign citizenship and who have filed with our government their first papers applying for citizenship, which application for citizenship must be diligently followed to completion."

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ELSIE FERGUSON DELIGHTS MANY AT NEW AMSTERDAM

Hall Caine's "Margaret Schiller" Draws Unusual Audience to Applaud Young Actress Whose Popularity Is Ever Growing.



Elsie Ferguson and Norman Trevor in "Margaret Schiller."

"Margaret Schiller"—At the New Amsterdam Theatre.
Sir Robert Temple, Norman Trevor, Lord Rutherford, Frederick Emmon, Mr. Danvers, Leslie Palmer, Mr. Richard Carfax, David Kimball, Mr. Hadden, Lewis Selby, Sir Malcolm Clark, Warburton Grieve, Lady Dorothy Nugent, Grace Carlyle, Mr. Gifford Schiller, Joseph Alcorn, Mr. Schiller, Marie Renard, Friedrich Schiller, Paul Dolan, Otto Schiller, Gareth Hughes, Margaret Schiller, Elsie Ferguson, Gretchen, Eleanor Nesbitt, Freda Marsh.

It was evident from the aspect of the New Amsterdam Theatre that a dramatic event of importance was to happen there last night. The attitude of the audience was altogether different from that of the casual first night gathering which approaches every new theatre offering with the same indifference and suspicion. In addition to the presence of an audience much more distinguished than that of those which the new plays in this city now bring forth there was a sense of expectancy and an intensity of interest which were not to be seen in the audience who had gathered there for the first time. The desire to see Elsie Ferguson in a new role that brought out this unusual audience.

Miss Ferguson's annual visits have been notable events of the theatre world. Since her appearance here in "The First Lady of the Land" her public has constantly grown larger and more interested in the progress which has made her the most distinguished young actress of American nationality. "The Strange Woman," the art of the player was riper and more alluring, while in "Outcast" her technical development, as well as her personal charm, which she has never yet displayed, was more than ever to be noted. So each succeeding season finds a larger circle of her admirers to welcome the actress, but never yet has she displayed herself more fully at the head of her profession. So there was no difficulty in understanding the size of the audience last night or its demeanor.

Hill Caine Play.

It was Hill Caine who provided the actress with the play in which she was to bring forth her new role. The "Prime Minister" is now known as "Margaret Schiller" after the role which Miss Ferguson acts. The time is called "Future," but the place is London in the war time. Its action passes in the home of two families. One is that of the Schillers, humble Germans, bereft of means, who are the opportunity to make a living in the land which they are not allowed to leave. Opposed to this family is that of the Prime Minister, a great man of affairs, whose daughter, the German family to act as a spy. There she is easily discovered, but through the magnanimity of the man against whom she has plotted her life is saved. The bitterness of the girl's family, however, cannot allow their thirst for vengeance to stop. There is a plot to murder the Prime Minister, and the girl's own generosity saved him that her own brother has been selected to kill the man who has learned to regard as a noble and perhaps to love a little. So she contrives that she shall receive the bullet of the assassin and be a martyr to her loyalty to her own land, and her brother to the man who saved her life.

Mr. Caine's prologue and four acts are frankly melodramatic in that there is not a scene in the long play which could be submitted to the test of common sense and survive. Yet there are interesting separate episodes. Miss Ferguson's scene of flaming determination to be the nemesis of the Prime Minister was not an effective one as it might have been had there been some greater indication of the wrong which had been done to her father by sentencing him to the imprisonment which ended his life.

It was indeed during her interview with the man into whose house she had found her way as a spy that this melodramatic scene was first made clear. It was perhaps the most precious little scene of reality about the play at any juncture. It must at least be said for the author that his action moved swiftly with the exception of the last act. It was the fate of the Chief Commissioner of Police to receive in his important scenes exactly what the audience had witnessed in the preceding act.

Depends on Actress's Art.

So the public success of "Margaret Schiller" must depend on its interesting story and the acting of Miss Ferguson and her associates. The fiction is more or less grossing. Had it been blessed with a background of more probability and had there been some evidence of a respect for the intelligence of his spectators Mr. Caine's ingenious fable would have been a plot to murder the audience. As it was, there was difficulty in associating the contemporary

CHARGE LABOR LAW BROKEN.

City Consumers League Reports.

For the first time in eighteen years Mrs. Frederick Nathan, president of the New York City Consumers League, was not on hand yesterday afternoon to preside at the annual meeting in the Harris Theatre, but Mrs. Percy Jackson, first vice-president, read the report which the investigation of the city's food supply, which ended in the arrest of the food traders in tenement houses. Many cases were cited of how the labor law, which forbids the employment in factories of children under sixteen years of age, is broken, small amiable boys and girls of four and five having been found at work under the most unsanitary conditions.

Newton T. Baker, ex-Mayor of Cleveland, talked on America's place in the world. He declared that this country in its business, in the attitude of employers toward employees, was fast approaching the low ideal which the governments of Europe reveal in their war upon one another and which America condemns in them.

Vandalla H. R. Resumes Dividends.
The directors of the Vandalla Railroad yesterday declared a dividend of 2 per cent, payable February 15 to stock of record of February 12. The dividend was passed December 10, 1914. The Pennsylvania Company owns 12,175,000 Vandalla Railroad stock and will receive \$243,500 from the Vandalla dividend just declared.

GARBAGE PLANT ON RIKER'S ISLAND

City to Buy It After 5 Years for \$1,500,000 by New Contract.

BARREN ISLANDERS LOSE

The Board of Estimate authorized Street Cleaning Commissioner Petherston yesterday to execute a contract with Gaffney, Gahagan & Van Etten for the disposal of garbage from the boroughs of Manhattan, The Bronx and Brooklyn under the second of two propositions on which bids were submitted. By so doing the Board "put one over" on the New York Sanitary Utilization Company, which had an injunction restraining the award of a contract under the first of the propositions.

Under the first proposition the contractor was to erect a disposal plant on private property and to pay the city so much a year for five years. Gaffney, Gahagan & Van Etten made a total bid of \$1,000,000. Under the second proposition the contractor was to build a disposal plant costing \$2,500,000 on city property and he was asked to bid on the sum for which, at the end of five years, he would sell the plant to the city. Gaffney, Gahagan & Van Etten bid \$1,500,000.

It was stipulated that under neither of the propositions should the disposal plant be built on Riker's Island, in Jamaica Bay. The New York Sanitary Utilization Company has a plant on Riker's Island, which is in Jamaica Bay. Therefore, this company obtained an injunction preventing the Board from authorizing an award under the first proposition.

Commissioner Petherston asked for authorization under the second proposition, among the members of the board being advised by counsel that the injunction not only did not cover the second proposition, but also did not even cover the same point of law.

When the question came up yesterday morning, J. O'Brien, Jr., appearing for the Sanitary Utilization Company, argued that he be given an opportunity to argue the question of whether or not there should be a disposal plant on Riker's Island. Another lawyer, who represented taxpayers, but who was unable to name his clients, said he wanted to discuss the merits of the question. They were told to go ahead, but neither was ready. They remarked that should the new plant be erected on Riker's Island, as is proposed, it would be just as offensive as is the present plant on Riker's Island. The Board of Estimate, however, decided to award the contract to Gaffney, Gahagan & Van Etten for the disposal of garbage from the boroughs of Manhattan, The Bronx and Brooklyn to the city of New York.

Mayor Mitchell said there was no objection to the award of the contract. The Board of Estimate, however, decided to award the contract to Gaffney, Gahagan & Van Etten for the disposal of garbage from the boroughs of Manhattan, The Bronx and Brooklyn to the city of New York.

PROF. MCGUCKIN RETIRES.

Served City College 46 Years—Other Faculty Changes.

Many changes in the faculty of the City College of New York took place today. Prof. William George McGuckin, who served the college for 46 years, retired on a pension after forty-six years service and Assistant Prof. William G. Schuyler and J. Salway Schuyler, who have been associated professors in the English department, were also retired. Prof. Henry P. Johnston, who served the college for 46 years, was also retired. The appointments to the faculty are: George Holz and Edwin T. Hays, February 1, 1916, to the English department; Isaac Kaplan and Harold W. Austin, who have been associated professors in the English department, were also retired. Prof. Henry P. Johnston, who served the college for 46 years, was also retired. The appointments to the faculty are: George Holz and Edwin T. Hays, February 1, 1916, to the English department; Isaac Kaplan and Harold W. Austin, who have been associated professors in the English department, were also retired. Prof. Henry P. 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